



**2016 Data Report  
for  
Crystal Lake, Benzie County**

Site ID: 100066

44.668615°N, 86.186115°W

The CLMP is brought to you by:



**About this report:**

This report is a summary of the data that have been collected through the Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program. The contents have been customized for your lake. The first page is a summary of the Trophic Status Indicators of your lake (Secchi Disk Transparency, Chlorophyll-a, Spring Total Phosphorus, and Summer Total Phosphorus). Where data are available, they have been summarized for the most recent field season, five years prior to the most recent field season, and since the first year your lake has been enrolled in the program.

If you did not take 8 or more Secchi disk measurements or 4 or more chlorophyll measurements, there will not be summary data calculated for these parameters. These numbers of measurements are required to ensure that the results are indicative of overall summer conditions.

If you enrolled in Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature, the summary page will have a graph of one of the profiles taken during the late summer (typically August or September). If your lake stratifies, we will use a graph showing the earliest time of stratification, because identifying the timing of this condition and the depth at which it occurs is typically the most important use of dissolved oxygen measurements.

The back of the summary page will be the results of the Exotic Plant Watch or Full Plant Mapping, if you participated in that parameter. If you enrolled in the Score the Shore Parameter, a summary will be found after the plant page.

The rest of the report will be larger graphs, including all Dissolved Oxygen/Temperature Profiles that you recorded. For Secchi Disk, Chlorophyll, and Phosphorus parameters, you need to have two years of data for a graph to make logical sense. Therefore if this is the first year you have enrolled in the CLMP, you will not receive a graph for these parameters.

Remember that some lakes see a lot of fluctuation in these parameters from year to year. Until you have eight years worth of data, consider all trends to be preliminary.

To learn more about the CLMP monitoring parameters or get definitions to unknown terms, check out the CLMP Manual, found at: <https://micorps.net/wp-content/uploads/CLMP-Manual.pdf>

**Thank you!**

The CLMP leadership team would like to thank you for all of your efforts over the past year. The CLMP would not exist without dedicated and hardworking volunteers!

The CLMP Leadership Team is made of: Marcy Knoll Wilmes, Jean Roth, Jo Latimore, Paul Steen, Scott Brown, Laura Kaminski, and Michele Leduc-Lapierre

**Questions?**

If you have questions on this report or believe that the tabulated data for your lake in this report are in error please contact:

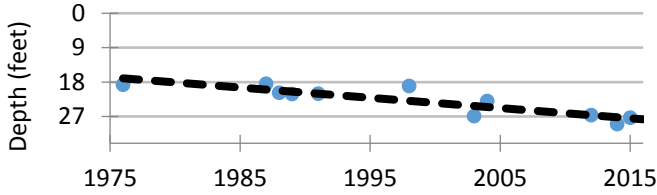
**Paul Steen (psteen@hrwc.org), MiCorps Program Manager**

# Crystal Lake, Benzie County 2016 CLMP Results



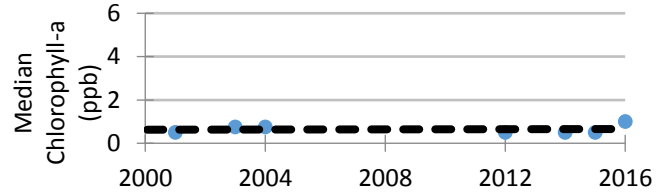
## Secchi Disk Transparency (feet)

Year	# Readings	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2016	4	22.0	37.0			
2011-2015	25	20.0	40.0	27.7	5.6	29
1976-2010	135	9.0	41.0	21.1	3.7	33
2016 All CLMP Lakes	3116	1.0	56.0	12.9	2.8	41



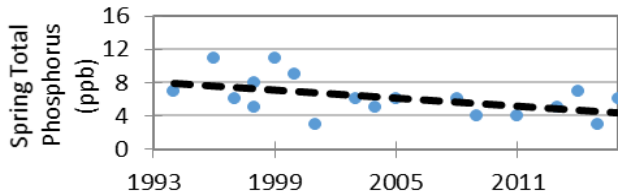
## Chlorophyll-a (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Median	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2016	5	<1.0	1.0	1.0	0.3	31
2011-2015	19	<1.0	1.5	<1.0	0.3	<31
1999-2010	21	<1.0	2.0	<1.0	0.4	<31
2016 All CLMP Lakes	628	<1.0	28.0	1.8	4.3	36



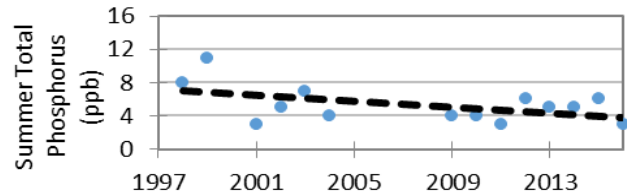
## Spring Phosphorus (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev
2016	1	6.0	6.0	6.0	NA
2011-2015	4	<=3 W	7.0	4.8	1.7
1994-2010	13	<=3 W	11.0	6.7	2.5
2016 All CLMP Lakes	168	<= 3	74.0	9.5	7.8



## Summer Phosphorus (parts per billion)

Year	# Samples	Min	Max	Average	Std. Dev	Carlson TSI
2016	1	<=3 W	<=3 W	<=3 W	NA	<27
2011-2015	5	<=3 W	6.0	5.0	1.2	27
1998-2010	8	<=3 W	11.0	5.8	2.7	28
2016 All CLMP Lakes	173	<= 3	250.0	15.1	21.7	43



## Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature Profile

This lake does not have recent (within 5 years) dissolved oxygen/water temperature data available. Consider enrolling in this parameter next year. Fish, insects, mollusks, and crustaceans need dissolved oxygen to live in water. By late summer, many lakes stratify, with cold anoxic water on the bottom and warm, oxygen rich water on the surface. Anoxic (oxygen-depleted) water occurring too close to the surface is a sign of nutrient enrichment. Understanding the pattern of dissolved oxygen and water temperature in a lake is important for assessing nutrient problems as well as the health of the biological community.

## Summary

Average TSI	2016	2011-2015	1976-2010
Crystal Lake	29	29	31
All CLMP Lakes	40	40	43

With an average TSI score of 29 based on chlorophyll-a and summer total phosphorus, this lake is rated as an oligotrophic lake. Long term monitoring shows slight downward slopes on the parameters (except chlorophyll, which is already as low as test can detect), indicating a very slow movement toward lower nutrient levels in the lake.

\* = No sample received W= Value is less than the detection limit (<3 ppb) T= Value reported is less than the reporting limit (5 ppb). Result is estimated.  
<1.0 = Chlorophyll-a: Sample value is less than limit of quantification (<1 ppb).

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## **Crystal Lake, Benzie County 2016 CLMP Aquatic Plant Results**



The Aquatic Plant Identification and Mapping survey was conducted on Crystal Lake in 2016.

This survey involves intensive sampling at multiple locations and depths around the lake produce a complete map of all aquatic plants present in a lake. A great deal of effort is involved both on the lake and back on shore to identify plants, compile data, and develop a detailed plant map, but the result is an extremely valuable record of the plant community of the lake.

The final report for the 2016 Aquatic Plant Identification and Mapping survey on Crystal Lake was not received by MiCorps in time to be included in this summary report. Visit the MiCorps Data Exchange ([www.micorps.net](http://www.micorps.net)) or contact the lead volunteer on your lake for details on the survey, including sampling locations, maps, and abundance information, and for information on past surveys.

## Crystal Lake, Benzie County 2016 Score the Shore Results



Crystal Lake does not have shoreline habitat assessment results for 2016. Consider enrolling in this parameter next year!

### **Why is the Score the Shore parameter important?**

Healthy shorelines are an important and valuable component of the lake ecosystem. The shoreline area is a transition zone between water and land, and should be a very diverse environment that provides habitat for a great variety of fish, plants, birds, and other animals. A healthy shoreline area is also essential for maintaining water quality, slowing runoff, and limiting erosion.

However, Michigan's inland lake shorelines are threatened. Extensive development, often combined with poor shoreline management practices, can reduce or eliminate natural shoreline habitat and replace it with lawn and artificial erosion control such as sea walls and rock. As a result, shoreline vegetation is dramatically altered, habitat is lost, and water quality declines.

Therefore, in 2016 the MiCorps Cooperative Lakes Monitoring Program introduced a new monitoring program – Score the Shore – that enables volunteers to assess the quality of their lake's shoreline habitat.

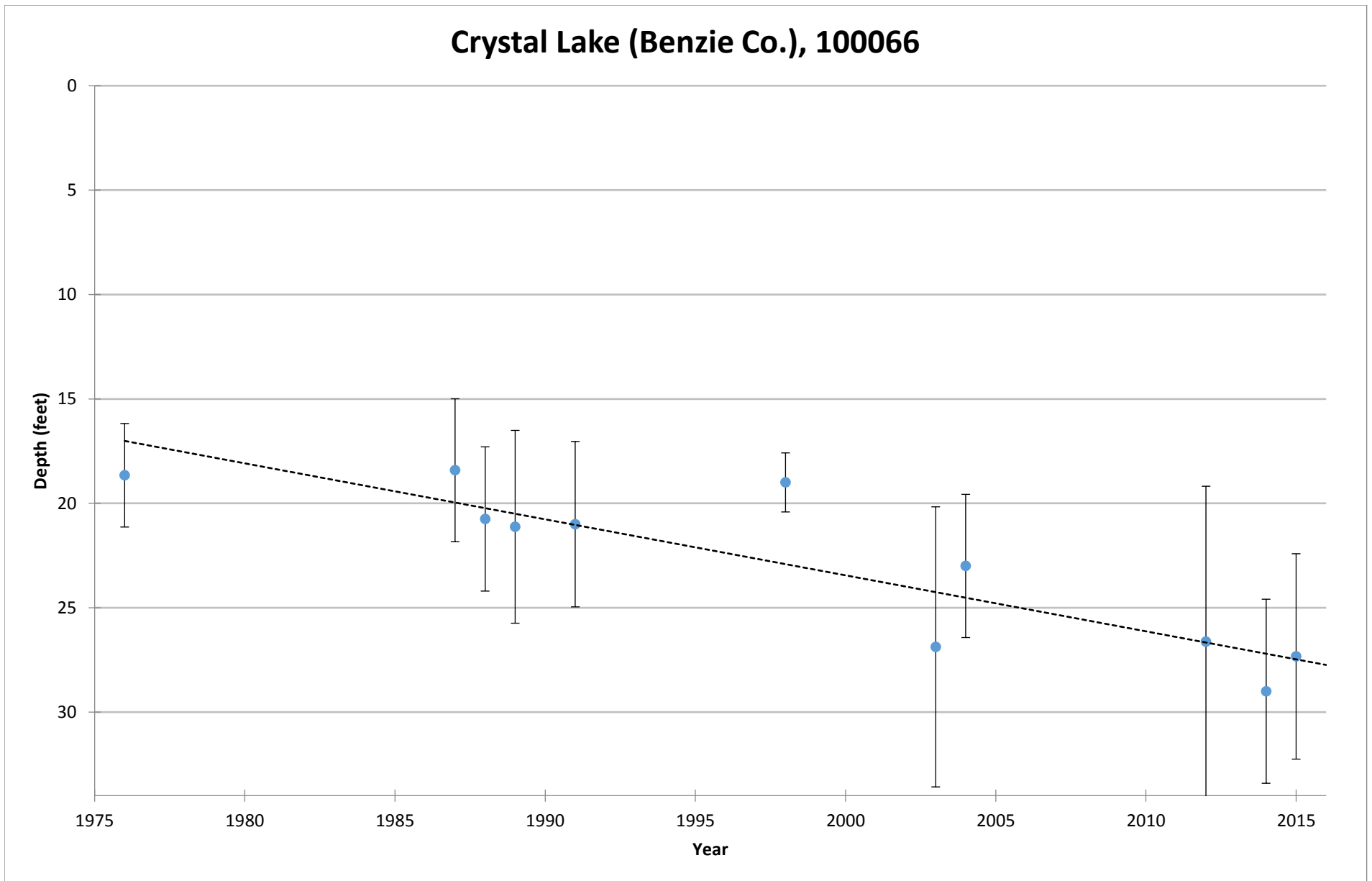
The information gathered during this assessment will allow lake communities to identify high-quality areas that can be protected, as well as opportunities for improvement. Score the Shore data, combined with educational resources describing the value of healthy shorelines and how to restore and maintain them, can be incorporated into lake management planning and used for educating lakefront property owners. The Michigan Natural Shoreline Partnership (MNSP) is a collaboration of agencies and professionals that promotes natural shoreline practices to protect Michigan's inland lakes. The MNSP website ([www.mishorelinepartnership.org](http://www.mishorelinepartnership.org)) includes materials and information that can be used in educational efforts. MNSP also offers training for professional educators and landscape contractors, and maintains a list of trained educators who may be available to speak to your community about natural shorelines.

Score the Shore data, just like all CLMP data, will also be available to any interested parties through the MiCorps Data Exchange ([www.micorps.net](http://www.micorps.net)). State agency staff and researchers regularly access CLMP data to better understand and manage Michigan's inland lakes.

Score the Shore is a descriptive process for assessing shoreline quality on Michigan's inland lakes. It is also a valuable educational tool. Score the Shore is not a regulatory program, nor is it intended to tell people what they can and cannot do on their property. The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality's Inland Lakes and Streams Program has responsibility for shoreline protection on public lakes. To learn about their shoreline protection program, including construction permitting and recommendations for shoreline management, visit [www.mi.gov/deqinlandlakes](http://www.mi.gov/deqinlandlakes).

COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM  
SUMMER MEAN TRANSPARENCY

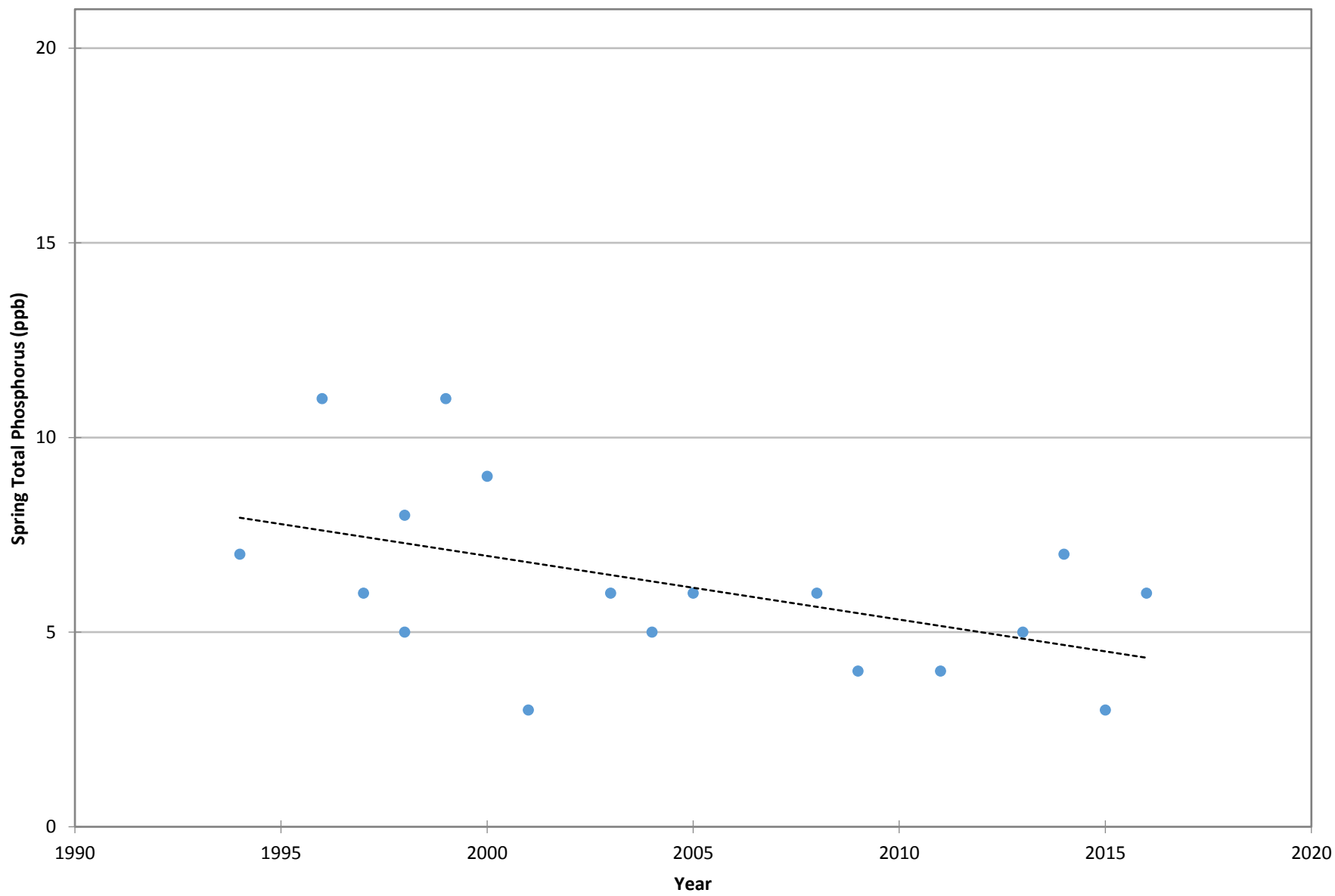
**Crystal Lake (Benzie Co.), 100066**



Vertical bars indicate standard deviation

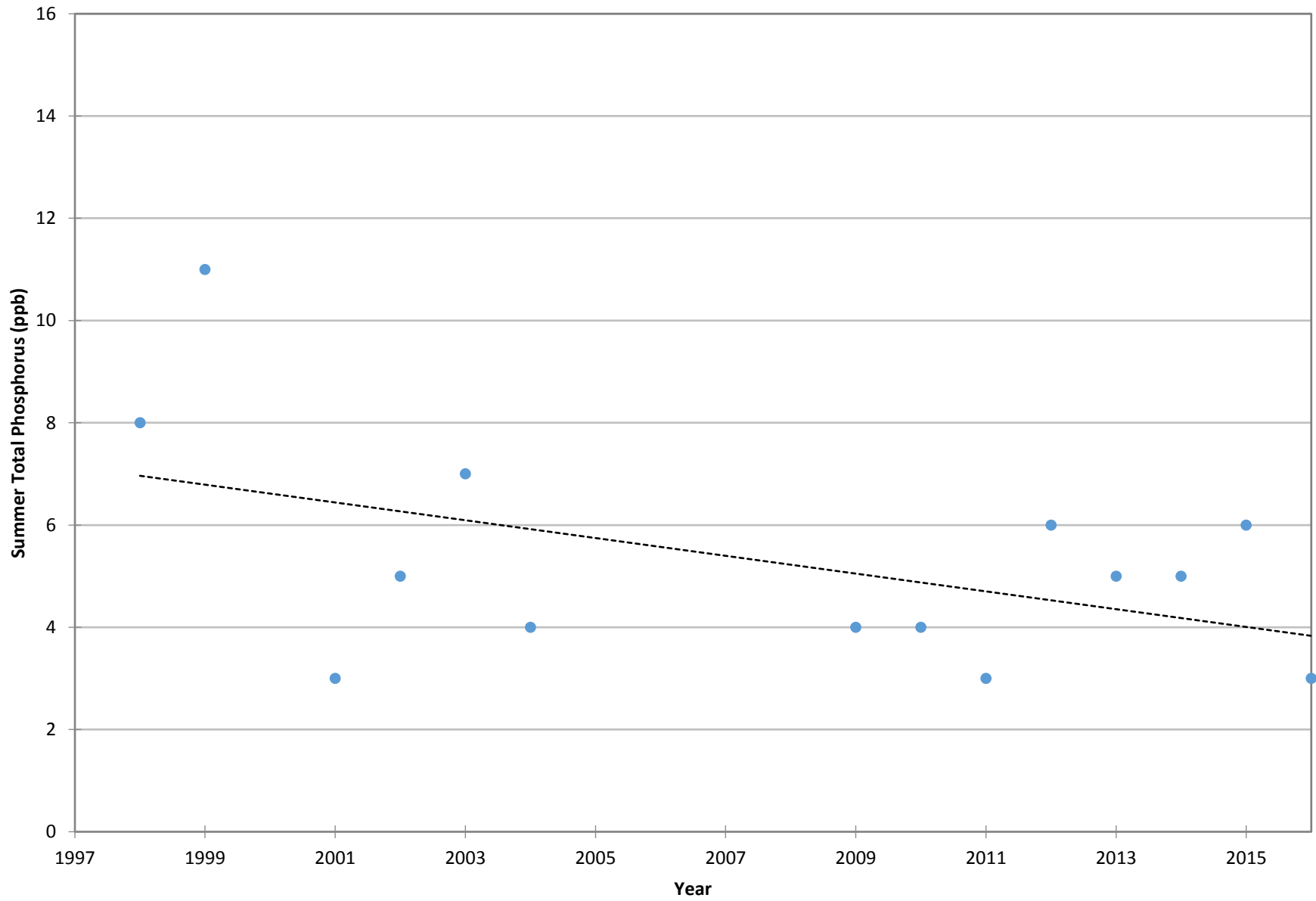
COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM  
SPRING TOTAL PHOSPHORUS

**Crystal Lake (Benzie Co.), 100066**



COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM  
SUMMER TOTAL PHOSPHORUS

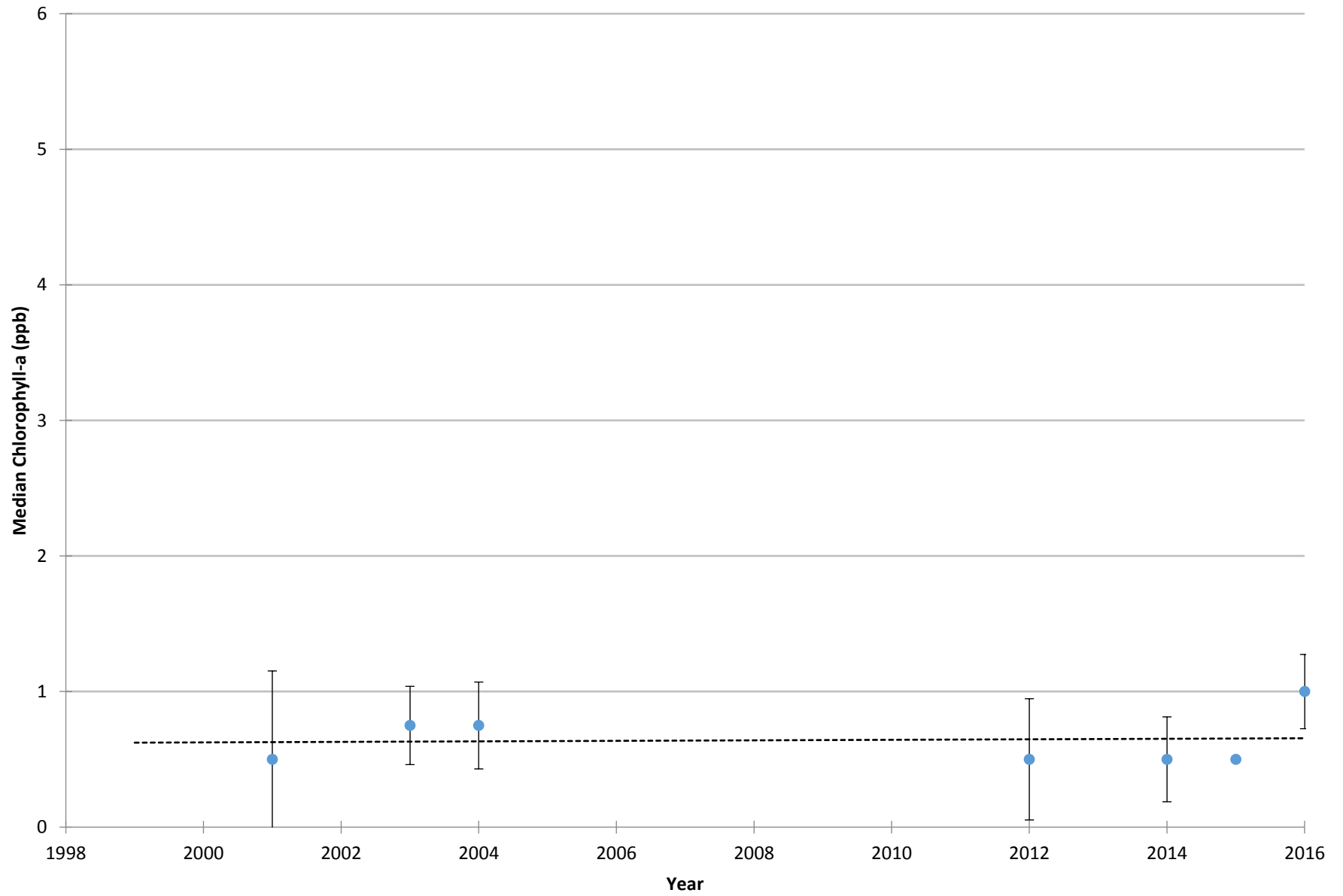
**Crystal Lake (Benzie Co.), 100066**





COOPERATIVE LAKES MONITORING PROGRAM  
SUMMER MEDIAN CHLOROPHYLL-A

**Crystal Lake (Benzie Co.), 100066**



Vertical bars indicate standard deviation